

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE 9608/42

Paper 4 Written Paper May/June 2018

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded positively:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	1 mark for each correctly completed pseudocode line to max 4	
	01 REPEAT	
	02 CALL TakePhoto	
	03 CALL AddPhotoToCollection	
	04 OUTPUT "Do you want to take another photo?"	
	05 INPUT AddPhoto	
	06 UNTIL AddPhoto = "No"	
	07 REPEAT	
	08 CALL AddUser	
	09 OUTPUT "Do you want to add another user?"	
	10 INPUT NewUser	
	11 UNTIL NewUser = "No"	
	12 OUTPUT "Do you want to create another collection?"	
	13 INPUT NewCollection	
	14 UNTIL NewCollection = "No"	

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	1 mark for each statement	2
	15 is_a(gecko, lizard). 16 maxsize(gecko, 182).	
2(b)	1 mark for 2 results 2 marks for 3 correct results	2
	green_iguana, cayman, smooth_iguana	
2(c)	1 mark per bullet	2
	is_a used with brackets ()squamata, X in correct order	
	is_a(squamata, X).	
2(d)	1 mark for each bullet to max 3	3
	• is_a(X, Z) • and // , has(Z, Y).	
	is_a(X, Z) AND has(Z, Y).	
2(e)	YES	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	CardData is partially sorted/ordered // more items in order/sorted	1
3(b)	1 mark for each correct statement	7
	01 ArraySize ← 10 02 FOR Pointer ← 2 TO ArraySize // 10 03 ValueToInsert ← CardData[Pointer] 04 HolePosition ← Pointer 05 WHILE(HolePosition>1 AND(CardData[HolePosition - 1] > ValueToInsert)) 06 CardData[HolePosition] ← CardData[HolePosition - 1] 07 HolePosition ← HolePosition - 1 08 ENDWHILE 09 CardData[HolePosition] ← ValueToInsert 10 ENDFOR	
3(c)(i)	 1 mark per bullet to max 2 It doesn't check every value The midpoint is the middle element, not the middle numerical value When the higher/lower elements are discarded they will not be the higher/lower elements It might discard the value you are looking for 	2
3(c)(ii)	 1 mark per bullet to max 4. Max 2 marks if no relation to CardData values. Find mid-point and comparison // 25 is smaller than/compared to 52/56 Discard/ignore greater // change upper bound to 33/52/midpoint - 1 //e.g. right hand side // only use array elements 1 - 4/5 Find and compare to mid-point of new list e.g. 12/25 Value is the midpoint // Continue until value found 	4

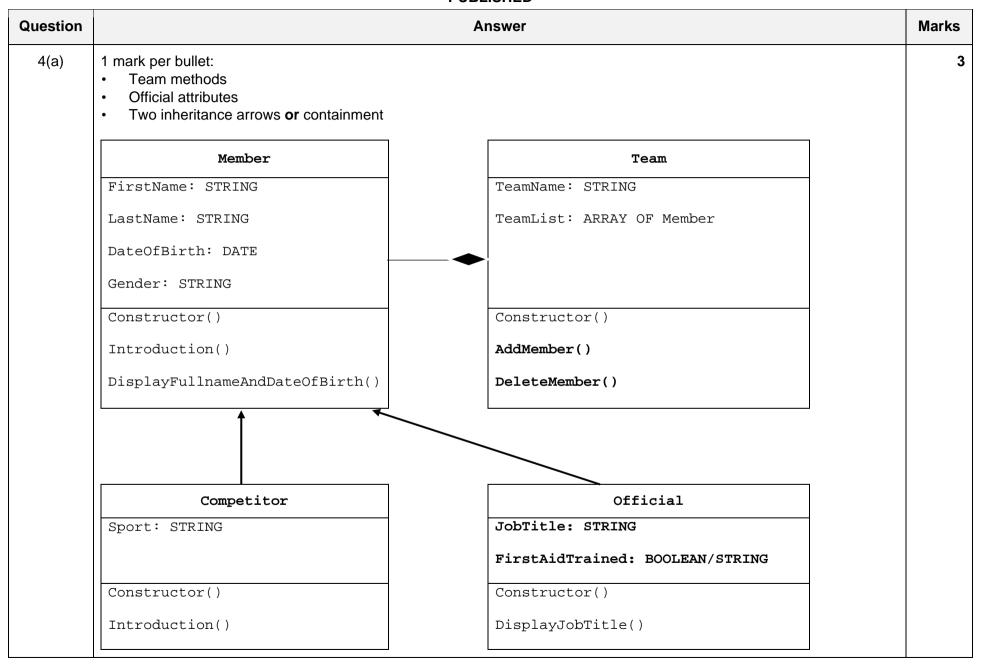
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Question	Answer	Marks
3(d)	1 mark for each complete statement	4
	PROCEDURE BinarySearch(CardData, SearchValue) DECLARE Midpoint : INTEGER First ← 1	
	Last ← ARRAYLENGTH(CardData)	
	<pre>Found ← FALSE WHILE (First <= Last) AND NOT(Found) Midpoint ← (First + Last) \ 2 IF CardData[Midpoint] = SearchValue THEN Found ← TRUE ELSE IF SearchValue < CardData[Midpoint] THEN</pre>	
	Last ← Midpoint - 1 ELSE	
	First ← Midpoint + 1 ENDIF ENDIF ENDWHILE	
	ENDPROCEDURE	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(b)	1 mark per bullet to max 5	5
	 class declaration FirstName, LastName, DateOfBirth and Gender all defined as private 	
	 constructor declaration all four attributes assigned values from parameters 	
	 (Public) method for Introduction outputs message with FirstName and LastName attributes // returns FirstName and LastName 	
	 Public method for DisplayFullNameAndDateofbirth outputs message with FirstName, LastName and DateOfBirth // returns FirstName, LastName, DateOfBirth 	
	Python example code:	
	class Member:	
	<pre>definit(self, Fname, Lname, DOB, GenderVal): selfFirstName = Fname selfLastName = Lname selfDateOfBirth = DOB selfGender = GenderVal</pre>	
	<pre>def Introduction(self): return "Hello, I am ", selfFirstName, " ",</pre>	
	<pre>def DisplayFullnameAndDateofbirth(self): print selfFirstName, selfLastName,</pre>	

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Question 4(b) Visual Basic example code: Class Member Private Firstname As String Private Lastname As String Private DateOfBirth As Date Private Gender As String Public Sub New(ByVal Fname As String, ByVal Lname As String, ByVal DOB As Date, ByVal GenderVal As String) Firstname = Fname Lastname = Lname DateOfBirth = DOB Gender = GenderVal End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
Class Member Private Firstname As String Private Lastname As String Private DateOfBirth As Date Private Gender As String Public Sub New(ByVal Fname As String,ByVal Lname As String,	Marks
Private Firstname As String Private Lastname As String Private DateOfBirth As Date Private Gender As String Public Sub New(ByVal Fname As String, ByVal Lname As String, ByVal DOB As Date, ByVal GenderVal As String) Firstname = Fname Lastname = Lname DateOfBirth = DOB Gender = GenderVal End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
Private Lastname As String Private DateOfBirth As Date Private Gender As String Public Sub New(ByVal Fname As String, ByVal Lname As String, ByVal DOB As Date, ByVal GenderVal As String) Firstname = Fname Lastname = Lname DateOfBirth = DOB Gender = GenderVal End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
Private DateOfBirth As Date Private Gender As String Public Sub New(ByVal Fname As String,ByVal Lname As String, ByVal DOB As Date, ByVal GenderVal As String) Firstname = Fname Lastname = Lname DateOfBirth = DOB Gender = GenderVal End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
Private Gender As String Public Sub New(ByVal Fname As String, ByVal Lname As String, ByVal DOB As Date, ByVal GenderVal As String) Firstname = Fname Lastname = Lname DateOfBirth = DOB Gender = GenderVal End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
Public Sub New(ByVal Fname As String, ByVal Lname As String, ByVal DOB As Date, ByVal GenderVal As String) Firstname = Fname Lastname = Lname DateOfBirth = DOB Gender = GenderVal End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
ByVal DOB As Date, ByVal GenderVal As String) Firstname = Fname Lastname = Lname DateOfBirth = DOB Gender = GenderVal End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
Lastname = Lname DateOfBirth = DOB Gender = GenderVal End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " +	
DateOfBirth = DOB Gender = GenderVal End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
Gender = GenderVal End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
<pre>End Sub Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " +</pre>	
<pre>Public Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " +</pre>	
Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
DateOfBirth Return Message End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
End Function Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
Public Function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String	
DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth = Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth	
End Function	
End Class	

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4/1->		Marks
4(b)	Pascal example code:	
	type	
	Member = class	
	private	
	Firstname : string;	
	Lastname : string;	
	DateOfBirth : date;	
	Gender : string;	
	public	
	constructor Create(Fname, Lname, Gend, DBirth : string);	
	function Introduction() : string;	
	function DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth() : string;	
	constructor Member.Create(Fname, Lname, Gend, DBirth : string);	
	begin	
	Firstname := Fname	
	LastName := Lname	
	Gender := Gend	
	DateOfBirth := DBirth	
	end;	
	function Member.Introduction(): String;	
	begin	
	Introduction := "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname	
	end;	
	function Member.DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth As String;	
	begin;	
	DisplayFullNameAndDateOfBirth = Firstname + " " + Lastname + " " + DateOfBirth	
	end;	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(c)	1 mark per bullet to max 5	5
	 Class declaration that inherits from Member Constructor declaration taking all five parameters that inherits from Member Declaration of Sport as private String and assigning to parameter Introduction method declaration (with polymorphism) returning/outputting message with FirstName, LastName and Sport variables 	
	Python example code:	
	<pre>class Competitor(Member): definit(self, Fname, Lname, DOB, GenderVal, MySport): Memberinit(self, Fname, Lname, DOB, GenderVal) selfSport = MySport</pre>	
	<pre>def Introduction(self): print "Hello, I am %s %s and my sport is %s" % (self.FirstName, self.LastName, selfSport)</pre>	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(c)	Visual Basic example code:	
	Class Competitor Inherits Member Private Sport As String Public Sub New(ByVal Fname As String, ByVal Lname As String,	
	Public Overloads Function Introduction() As String Dim Message As String Message = "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " and my sport is " + Sport Return Message End Function End Class	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4 (c)	Pascal example code:	
	<pre>type Competitor = class(Member) private Sport : String; public Constructor init(Fname, Lname: String; DOB: Date; GenderVal,</pre>	
	<pre>Constructor Competitor.initFname, Lname: String; DOB: Date; GenderVal, SportVal:String); begin inherited init(Fname, Lname, DOB, GenderVal); Sport := SportVal; end;</pre>	
	<pre>Function Competitor.Introduction(); begin Result:= "Hello, I am " + Firstname + " " + Lastname + " and my sport</pre>	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(d)	1 mark per bullet	3
	 variable BMXJudge assigned value call Official with all 6 parameters assigned correctly 	
	Python example code:	
	BMXJudge = Official("Omar", "Ellaboudy", "17/03/1993", "Male", true, "Judge")	
	Visual Basic example code:	
	BMXJudge = New Official("Omar", "Ellaboudy", "17/03/1993", "Male, true, "Judge")	
	Pascal example code:	
	BMXJudge := Official("Omar", "Ellaboudy", "17/03/1993", "Male", true, "Judge")	

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	 1 mark per bullet C/D/E in parallel starting after B, with correct durations. F with dependency on C and correct duration G with dependency on D and E with correct duration H with correct dependency on F and G I with dependency on H 	5
	A	
	H	
5(b)(i) 5(b)(ii)	C, D, E E, F	1

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Question	Answer	Marks	
5(c)	1 mark per bullet to max 2	2	
	For example:		
	 Check if the project is on track so the project manager can intervene if behind lets you identify slack time to reallocate resources to support the process find critical path to ensure activities are given correct priority see when tasks end to plan the next tasks see which tasks can run in parallel set milestones/goals check correct tasks are being carried out on current day Calculate latest start time Calculate earliest finish time 		

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Calculate latest start time for a task

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	1 mark per bullet	5
	 Brown left and black right from node 2 Yellow left and Purple right from node 1 Peach left comes from 3 White left from 6 and Pink left from 7 Grey left from 9 and orange right from 9 	
	1 'Blue" 6 7 2 "Green" 4 3 6 "Yellow" 8 7 "Purple" 9 4 "Brown" 3 "Black" 5 8 "White" 9 "Pink" 10 11 5 "Peach"	
	10 "Grey" 11 "Orange	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	1 mark for outputting all the leaf data values	8
	• Outputting BinaryTree[CurrentNode].DataValue only when both LeftPointer and RightPointer are -1	
	1 mark per bullet to max 7	
	 Function declaration taking CurrentNode or equivalent as parameter 	
	 Check if BinaryTree[CurrentNode].LeftPointer is not -1 recursive call with left pointer value as parameter 	
	 Check if BinaryTree[CurrentNode].RightPointer is not -1 recursive call with right pointer value as parameter 	
	Python example code:	
	<pre>def FindLeaves(CurrentNode): global BinaryTree if(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].LeftPointer != -1): FindLeaves(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].LeftPointer)</pre>	
	<pre>if(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].RightPointer != -1): FindLeaves(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].RightPointer)</pre>	
	<pre>if((BinaryTree[CurrentNode].RightPointer == -1) and</pre>	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	Visual Basic example code:	
	Procedure FindLeaves(CurrentNode):	
	<pre>if(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].LeftPointer <> -1) then FindLeaves(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].LeftPointer) End if if(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].RightPointer <> -1) then FindLeaves(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].RightPointer) end if if ((BinaryTree[CurrentNode].RightPointer = -1) and (BinaryTree[CurrentNode].LeftPointer = -1)) then Console.WriteLine(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].DataValue) End if End Procedure</pre>	
	Pascal example code:	
	<pre>Procedure FindLeaves(CurrentNode); Begin if(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].LeftPointer <> -1) then FindLeaves(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].LeftPointer);</pre>	
	<pre>if(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].RightPointer <> -1): FindLeaves(BinaryTree[CurrentNode].RightPointer);</pre>	
	<pre>if((BinaryTree[CurrentNode].RightPointer = -1) and (BinaryTree[CurrentNode].LeftPointer = -1)) then print (BinaryTree[CurrentNode].DataValue);</pre>	
	End;	

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